



# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/024,544	12/21/2001	Masashi Nakashita	2038-282	3584
7:	590 09/23/2003			
LOWE HAUPTMAN GILMAN & BERNER, LLP Suite 310 1700 Diagonal Road			EXAMINER	
			REICHLE, KARIN M	
Alexandria, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3761	4
			DATE MAILED: 09/23/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		· G				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/024,544	NAKASHITA, MASASHI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Karin M. Reichle	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statt - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	l. i.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep eply within the statutory minimum of thirty d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT ate, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	<u> 1 December 2001</u> .					
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☑ 1	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims	wance except for formal matter <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	ers, prosecution as to the merits is . 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
4) Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10) $igotimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 December 2001</u> is	/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ ob	jected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved b)□ di	sapproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ol>						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prapplication from the International It</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a lit</li> </ul>	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	stic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).				
<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language p</li> <li>15)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) Notice of Ir	tummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)  Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Specification

## **Drawings**

- 1. The drawings are objected to because the cross sectional lines A-A and B-B should be denoted by Roman or Arabic numerals. Note also page 5, lines 6 and 8. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 2. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the progressively increasing density as claimed in claim 1 and the protuberant portions/wall portions as claimed in claims 2-3 must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Description

3. 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, requires the specification to be written in "full, clear, concise, and exact terms." The specification is replete with terms which are not clear, concise and exact. The specification should be revised carefully in order to comply with 35 U.S.C. 112,

Application/Control Number: 10/024,544

Art Unit: 3761

first paragraph. Examples of some unclear, inexact or verbose terms used in the specification are: abstract, lines 8 et seq and page 4, first full paragraph.

4. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: With regard to page 3, last three lines and claim 1, last three lines, Applicant sets forth the second subpanel has a higher fiber assembly than that of the first subpanel. Should "assembly" be --density--? If not what is meant by higher "fiber assembly"? Greater thickness? More fibers? More fibers of a certain type? For purposes of examination, if the second panel of the prior art includes any property or structure with respect to the fibers which is higher than that of the fibers in the first subpanel it will be considered to meet the claim limitation. The paragraph bridging pages 7-8 is inconsistent with page 9, line 5-page 10, line 16 and claims 1-3, i.e. does the flat portion have a higher density than the other portions of the first subpanel or not? On page 10, line 22-page 12, line 10 Applicant discusses wt. % but does not say wt. % of what, i.e. the subpanel being discussed? The panel 4 which includes both panels? For purposes of examination, if the prior art includes such weight percents in the subpanels or the overall panel such will be considered to meet the claim limitation. Finally, on page 4, first full paragraph, page 7, line 10-page 8, line 16, page 18, the last paragraph, the Figures and claims 2-3, Applicant discusses wall portions 5c which are spaced towards the second subpanel but not as far as the protuberant portions 5b and serve to connect each pair of adjacent protuberant portions with each other. The only Figure which shows such portions 5c is Figure 2 and as best seen they don't connect each pair of adjacent portions 5b but only those in diagonal lines and they are also not shown with regard to their density nor spacing with respect to the second subpanel and the other portions of the first subpanel. Therefore it is unclear what the structure of the wall portions 5c is and how they relate Art Unit: 3761

to the other structure of the invention. For purposes of examination, if the prior art includes at least one wall portion which connects at least one pair of adjacent protuberant portions such will be considered to meet the claim limitation. With regard to issues discussed supra a clear complete description should be set forth.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Objections

5. Claims 1-5 are objected to because of the following informalities: In claim 1, line 14 and claim 2, last line before "protuberant", --first-- should be inserted, as best understood. In claim 2, line 3, before "protuberant", --second-- should be inserted, as best understood. In claim 4, lines 4 and 6, after "wt%", --of the sub-panel-- should be inserted, as best understood. Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

6. Claims 2-3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 2, it is unclear how the protuberant portions relate to the pairs of adjacent protuberant portions, i.e. are the portions the same? Does each portion connect each pair or only one pair of adjacent portions? For example a wall portion(Note following rejection) connecting each pair of adjacent portions and which wall portions have the features of lines 2-6 could be set forth, as best understood. In regard to claim 3, a positive antecedent basis for "said wall

Art Unit: 3761

portions" should be set forth. In claim 5, the language of line 3, i.e. "contains" and line 4, i.e. "0...wt%", are inconsistent, i.e. does the second subpanel included superabsorbent or not?

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1-2 and 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harwood '986 in view of Hseih et al '155.

See Figures, col. 1, lines 50-62, col. 2, line 12-col. 3, line 54, col. 3, lines 68-74 and the discussion of the description objection supra with regard to claim examination, i.e. the topsheet is 11, the panel is at least 16 and 18, the first subpanel is 16 and the second subpanel is at least 18, the first subpanel flat portion is 16 between 32 on the topsheet facing side of 16, the embossed protuberances are 32, protuberances/wall portions as best understood are 40, the density of the first subpanel increases progressively as it gets nearer to the second subpanel, as best understood, see cited portions, and the second subpanel has more fibers and is thicker than the first subpanel, see layers 18, 20, 24, 25, 28, i.e. "higher fiber assembly" as best understood as discussed supra and includes no superabsorbent which as best understood meets the limitation of claim 5. The Harwood device includes all the claimed structure except for the backsheet and the compressive restoring elasticity as claimed in claim 1 and 30 wt% or less of cellulose as claimed in claim 4. However, see Hseih et al, Figures, col. 3, lines 31-45, col. 3, line 61-col. 4, line 5,

Application/Control Number: 10/024,544

Art Unit: 3761

col. 5, lines 8-14, col. 7, lines 16-20, i.e. sanitary napkin with two subpanels, one subpanel having embossments, which one subpanel can be cellulosics or thermoplastic synthetic resin fiber and be any thickness such that the panel is resistant to wet collapse when simultaneously subjected to compressive forces and fluid, i.e. has a "compressive restoring elasticity", see also paragraph bridging pages 10-11 of the instant application, and sanitary napkins typically or commonly include backsheets. To make the first subpanel of any number of cellulosic sheets of Harwood a first subpanel of hydrophilic thermoplastic synthetic resin fiber and a thickness such that the panel is resistant to wet collapse instead would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the interchangeability as taught by Hseih et al. With regard to claim 4, it is noted that the claim does not require any cellulose fiber, i.e. can be all synthetic as taught by Hseih et al. Furthermore, to employ a backsheeet as taught by Hseih on the Harwood sanitary napkin would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the recognition that such is typically employed on a sanitary napkin and the desire of Harwood to use known components, see, e.g., col. 1, lines 6-8.

Page 6

## Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claim 3 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Application/Control Number: 10/024,544 Page 7

Art Unit: 3761

#### Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. The Burgeni reference also teaches a first subpanel but such does not have a flat

portion.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Karin M. Reichle whose telephone number is (703) 308-2617.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on (703) 308-1957. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

Karin M. Reichle Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3761

**KMR**